

Solving Infinite Limits: $\lim_{x \to \pm \infty} f(x)$	
1. Plug it in	<ul> <li>Be careful evaluating infinite values</li> </ul>
2. Turn the expression into a single fraction	<ul> <li>If the expression is the sum or difference of two fractions, find a common denom- inator</li> </ul>
	• If you have an expression without fractions that contains a square root, multiply by the conjugate (e.g. $\lim_{x \to \infty} (\sqrt{x^2 + 3x} - x))$
3. Divide by the dominant term	<ul> <li>Identify the dominant term (x<sup>k</sup>, where k is the highest power)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>You may choose the dominant term overall, or the dominant term of the denominator. I recommend choos- ing from the denominator</li> </ul>
	• Divide each term by $x^k$ . Remember that if we are dividing by $x^k$ , then anything under a square root is divided by $x^{2k}$ .
4. Evaluate as $x \to \infty$	<ul> <li>Most terms should approach 0</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Whatever you are left with should be your answer</li> </ul>