Alternating Series: Examples



1. Test the series for convergence:
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n+1} \frac{n^4 + 1}{n^5 + 1}$$
2. Test the series for convergence:
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \csc^{-1} n$$
3. Test the series for convergence:
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n-1} \sin\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)$$
4. Test the series for convergence:
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n \left(\frac{-1}{3}\right)^n$$
5. Test the series for convergence:
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n!}$$
6. Test the series for convergence:
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{n(n+1)}{n!}$$
7. Test the series for convergence:
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{n^2}{n+1}$$

8. Test the series for convergence:
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{e^n}{n!}$$

- 9. How many terms of the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^5}$ do we need to add in order to find the sum within .0001 of its actual value?
- 10. How many terms of the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{(n^2)^n}$ do we need to add in order to find the sum within .0001 of its actual value?
- 11. Approximate the sum of $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n!}$ correct to 2 decimal places.